# REFEREE'S SINGLE SHEET SUMMARY

#### PRE-GAME ACTIVITIES

- · Check field goals, flags and markings for safety and correctness
- Check players' uniforms and equipment for safety
- Check ball for proper inflation, size, and safety (no cuts)
- · Meet with assistant referees and discuss responsibilities

### **COIN TOSS**

- A captain of one team calls the toss
- Winner chooses direction to attack; teams switch for second half
- · Loser kicks off first; winner kicks off the second half

#### KICK-OFF

- Players must be in their own half of the field except the player taking kick-off
- · Opponents of the kicker must not enter center circle until ball is kicked
- The ball is stationary on the center mark
- The referee whistles for the start of play
- The ball is in play when it is kicked and clearly moves in any direction
- · Don't forget to start your game timer
- If the kick-off is not taken as above it must be retaken
- If kicker touches the ball again before anyone else, IFK to opponents

RESTART	WHEN AWARDED	BALL PLACEMENT	OPPONENTS	SCORE DIRECTLY?	WHEN IN PLAY
Kick-off (KO)	Start of each half; after each goal	Center of field	10 yards from ball; in own half	Yes (only against	Kicked and clearly moves
				opponent)	in any direction
Throw-in (TI)	Ball out over touch line	Where it went out	2 yards from point of throw-in	No	Breaks plane of touch line
Goal kick (GK)	Ball out over goal line, not goal, last touch by an attacker	Anywhere in goal area	Outside penalty area	Yes (only against opponent)	Directly leaves penalty area into the field of play
Corner kick (CK)	Ball out over goal line, not goal, last touch by a defender	Anywhere in corner area	10 yards from corner area	Yes (only against opponent)	Kicked and clearly moves
Dropped ball (DB)	Referee stops play	Location when stopped *	No restriction	No (must first touch two different players)	Touches ground
Free kick (FK)	Foul or other offense	Place of offense **	10 yards (Note: for IFK in goal area against defenders, attackers may be on goal line between goalposts)	DFK: Yes (only against opponent)  IFK: No	Kicked and clearly moves (Note: free kicks taken by defenders in their own PA must leave the PA)
Penalty kick (PK)	DFK foul by a defender in own PA	Penalty mark	10 yards, outside PA, behind ball	Yes	Kicked and moves forward

<sup>\*</sup> If in goal area, place ball on goal area "six yard line"

## FOULS

#### **DIRECT FREE KICKS**

- Generally given for unfair/unsafe contact between opponents
- Careless kick, strike, trip, push, charge, jump, tackle/challenge
- · Careless attempt to kick, strike, or trip
- Spits, holds, impedes with contact, handles the ball deliberately

#### PENALTY KICK ENCROACHMENT

- By a defender, ball goes in goal: GOAL
- By a defender, ball does not go in goal: RETAKE
- · By an attacker, ball goes in goal: RETAKE
- By an attacker, ball does not go in goal: IFK for defending team
- · By both teams: RETAKE

# **INDIRECT FREE KICKS**

- Generally given for a non-contact offense between opponents
- Referee must give the indirect free kick signal (raised arm)
- By anyone:
  - Dangerous play, impeding opponent without contact, preventing keeperfrom releasing ball
- · By goalkeeper:
  - Takes more than six seconds to release the ball into play from hands
  - o Touches ball a second time with hands after releasing without it touching other player
  - o Deliberately handles ball after receiving it directly from a teammate's throw-in
  - Deliberately handles ball after a deliberate kick to the goalkeeper from ateammate

# **MISCONDUCT**

# **CAUTIONABLE (YELLOW CARD) OFFENSES**

- · Unsporting behavior
- · Dissent by word or action
- · Persistent infringement of the Laws
- Entering, reentering, or leaving field without referee's permission
- Fails to respect the required distance on a TI, FK, or CK
- · Delaying the restart of play

# **SEND OFF (RED CARD) OFFENSES**

- Serious foul play
- Violent conduct
- Spitting at anyone
- Second caution in the same match
- · Abusive, insulting, or offensive language or gestures
- Denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity by deliberately handling the ball (except goalkeeper in own penalty area)
- Denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity by an offense punishable by FK or PK (unless it was an attempt to play the ball and a PK was awarded)

#### **MISCONDUCT RESTARTS (Simplified Version)**

- DFK if play stopped for misconduct including a DFK foul
- IFK if play stopped for any other misconduct on the field

- DB if misconduct occurred off the field (IFK if referee thinks player left field to commitit)
- If misconduct occurs while ball is out of play, restart per original reason for stoppage

<sup>\*\*</sup> If in goal area, place ball on "six yard line" if against defenders; place ball anywhere in goal area if against attackers

# REFEREE'S SINGLE SHEET SUMMARY

#### OFFSIDE

#### **OFFSIDE POSITION**

- Player is in opponent's half of the field, AND
- Player is closer to opponent's goal line than the ball, AND
- Player is closer to opponent's goal line than either of the last two opponents

Offside position is determined at the moment the ball is played or touched by a teammate. Offside position by itself is not an offense.

#### **OFFSIDE OFFENSE**

- Is in offside position when ball is played or touched by teammate, and then:
  - Interferes with play (plays the ball); OR
  - Interferes with an opponent (keeps them from playing the ball); OR
  - Interferes by otherwise gaining an advantage (ball rebounds to them)
- Restart: IFK for opponents where offside player interferes

Cannot be offside if a player receives the ball directly from a GK, TI, or CK.

#### REFEREE TEAM MECHANICS AND SIGNALS

#### REFEREE POSITIONING

- Left (standard) diagonal: run toward left corner flag; try to stay to the left of ball
- Right diagonal: run toward right corner flag; try to stay to the right of ball
- During dynamic play try to be approximately 10-15 yards from play
- Try to keep play between the referee and the lead assistant referee

# ASSISTANT REFEREE POSITIONING

- Default position: stay even with second-to-last defender to watch for offside (the last defender is usually, but not always, the goalkeeper)
- If the second-to-last defender moves into the opponent's half of the field, stay at the halfway line
- If the ball moves closer to the defenders' goal line than the second-to-last defender, stay even with the ball all the way to the goal line if necessary

#### **REFEREES SHOULD...**

- Look at the lead assistant when the ball is played forward
- Look at the lead assistant when a goal is scored
- Occasionally look back at the trail assistant
- Look at both assistants when the ball is out of play
- Give them a smile or a subtle "thumbs up"



- Raise the flag with a deliberate (not hasty or exaggerated) motion
- Make eye contact with the referee whenever they signal
- Watch players who are behind the referee's back
- Mirror the foul/misconduct signals of the other assistant referee that the referee can't see
- Always be prepared to signal if the ball goes out of play and the referee looks to you for help



- Be a thinking referee/assistant referee at all times
- Keep the game safe, fair, and fun in that order
- If it looks unsafe, blow the whistle even if you're not sure what foul to call – player safety is your most important job

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If you're not sure about a

foul or offside, don't blow the whistle

- Don't let the sidelines get out of hand... you may have a thick skin, but their next referee could be 12 years old
- Want to be better? Get a mentor to help you; study the Laws of the Game, read the US Soccer Guide to Procedures... and take an AYSO referee upgrade course
- Smile If you're not having fun, you're doing it wrong



